2022Water Quality Report

For The

Tomoka Heights Public Drinking Water System Town of Lake Placid

PWS ID #6284074

This report will be available at the Lake Placid Government Center from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday at 1069 US HWY. 27 N., Lake Placid FL, 33852; phone number (863) 699-3747 and our website at www.lakeplacidfl.net.

We are pleased to present to you this year's *Annual Water Quality Report*. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. The Utility wants you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. The Town of Lake Placid is committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Our water source is from ground water wells. The two wells draw from the deep Floridan Aquifer and the water is treated with chlorine for the purpose of disinfection.

This report shows our water quality results as well as terms and/or abbreviations and what they mean.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact the Town of Lake Placid Utilities Department at (863) 699-3747. We encourage our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. In addition, if you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled Town Council meetings. They are held at 5:30 p.m. on the *second* Monday of each month at The Lake Placid Government Center, 1069 US HWY. 27 N., Lake Placid, FL 33852. You may also contact the Director of Utilities at the same address and phone number.

The Town of Lake Placid routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws, rules, and regulations. Except where indicated otherwise, this report is based on the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2022. Data obtained before January 1, 2023, and presented in this report are from the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

Terms and Abbreviations

In the following tables (bottom of this page and the next), you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations. To help you better understand these terms we have provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment, or other requirements that a water system must follow. "ND" means *not detected* and indicates that the substance was not found by laboratory analysis.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

water treatment that may not be exceeded.

MRDLG stands for Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level or a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): One (1) part by weight of analyte to one (1) million parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (\mu g/l): One (1) part by weight of analyte to one (1) billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Picocurie per liter (pCi/L): Measure of the radioactivity in water.

Water Quality Test Results

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of sampling (mo. /yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected			MCL	Likely Source of Contamination			
Inorganic Contaminants										
Barium (ppm)	07/21	N	0.045	N/A	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits			
Fluoride	07/21	N	0.055	N/A		2.4999				
Nitrate (as Nitrogen) (ppm)	07/21	N	0.031	N/A	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits			
Sodium (ppm)	07/21	N	6.0	N/A	N/A	160	Salt water intrusion, leaching from soil			

Stage 1 Disinfectants										
Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL or MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination			
Chlorine (ppm)	1/22- 12/22	N	1.7	0.0-1.7	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4.0	Water additive used to control microbes			
Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products										
Haloacetic Acids (five) (HAA5) (ppb)	07/22	N	47.22	42.83 - 47.22	N/A	MCL = 60	By-product of drinking water disinfection			
TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] (ppb)	07/22	N	77.95	55.4 - 77.95	N/A	MCL = 80	By-product of drinking water disinfection			

Lead and Copper (Tap Water)									
Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	AL Exceeded Y/N	90 th Percentile Result	No. of sampling sites exceeding the AL	MCLG	AL (Action Level)	Likely Source of Contamination		
Copper (tap water) in (ppm)	7/21	N	0.37	N/A	1.3	1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives		
Lead (tap water) (ppb)	7/21	N	<1	N/A	0	15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives		

Monitoring of Lead in Drinking Water:

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Lake Placid Utilities Department is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at the EPA web site: www.epa.gov/safewater/lead

Radiological											
Contaminate	Contaminate	Contaminate	Result	Unit of	MCL	Sample	Entry	Location			
Group	Code	Description		Measure		Date	Point	Code			
RAD	4002	Gross Alpha Including Radon and Uranium	0	PCI/L	15.4999	07/2021	Y	POE			
RAD	4006	Combined Uranium	0	PCI/L	20.4999	07/2021	Y	POE			
RAD	4020	Radium-226	0.4	PCI/L	3.4999	07/2021	Y	POE			
RAD	4030	Radium-228	0	PCI/L	2.4999	07/2021	Y	POE			

Sources of water:

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include the following:

- (A) *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from wastewater treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- (B) *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- (C) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- (D) *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can, also, come from vehicle gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- (E) Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the (Federal) Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prescribes regulations, which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These citizens should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The Town does not contract out the operations of our facilities as we have full time employed state certified treatment plant operators on staff who monitor our systems to ensure the absolute best quality of drinking water.

In our continuing effort to maintain a safe and dependable water supply, it may be necessary, from time to time, to make improvements in our public water system. The costs of these improvements may sometimes be reflected in the rate structure. Rate adjustments could be necessary in order to address these improvements. Thank you for your understanding in this matter of great importance to the health and well being of our customers.

The Town of Lake Placid Utilities Department works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water resources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. The Department is committed to ensuring the quality of your water. If you have *any* questions or concerns about the information provided herewith, please feel free to call any of the numbers listed. We appreciate your support in allowing us to continue providing your family with clean, quality water.

Our offices are located Northbound on Rt 27 just after the overpass. To schedule a tour of the water facilities, please contact the Director of Utilities office at 1069 US HWY. 27 N., Lake Placid, FL, or call the phone number at 863-699-3747.